



Clerk to the Council
Worplesdon Parish Council
Unit 2 Saxton, Parklands
Railton Road
Guildford
Surrey
GU2 9JX

20th November 2025

Dear Gaynor,

Re: Worplesdon Parish Council
Internal Audit for Financial Year Ended 31 March 2026 – Interim Audit report

Executive summary

Following the completion of our interim internal audit on 20th of November 2025, we are pleased to enclose our report for your review and subsequent presentation to the Council. The audit was conducted in accordance with current professional standards and guidelines, employing a risk-based approach to our testing. While not all transactions were examined, our sample testing—where appropriate—covered the full financial year to date.

The structure of this report aligns with the assertions set out in the Internal Auditor Report section of the published Annual Governance and Accountability Return (AGAR). Each section begins with a summary of the assertion being assessed, followed by details of the testing undertaken, which was guided by the audit plan previously shared with the Council. A copy of the audit plan is available upon request. The report concludes with our opinion on whether each assertion has been met as of the date of the audit. **Any recommendations for action are highlighted in bold and summarised in the table at the end of the report.**

Our testing did not identify any procedural errors requiring reporting to the external auditor at this time, nor did we observe any material weaknesses in internal controls that would pose a risk to public funds. In fact, the processes and procures together with own built in compensating controls are robust, strictly followed and in many respects a model of good practice.

We are pleased to report that, overall, the systems and procedures currently in place are appropriate and effective. While this report may include recommendations for improvement, these should not be viewed as indicators of significant deficiencies. Rather, they are intended to support the continued development of what is, in our view, a well-managed and robust governance framework.

Regulation

The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 require smaller authorities, each financial year, to conduct a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control and prepare an annual governance statement in accordance with proper practices in relation to accounts. In addition to this, a smaller authority is required by Regulation 5(1) of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 to “undertake an effective internal audit to evaluate the effectiveness of its risk

management, control and governance processes, taking into account public sector internal auditing standards or guidance.”

Internal auditing is an independent and objective assurance function that supports the improvement of an organisation’s operations. It enables the organisation to achieve its objectives by applying a systematic, disciplined approach to the evaluation and enhancement of risk management, control, and governance processes.

The primary purpose of internal audit is to assess and report to the authority on the effectiveness of its financial systems and other internal controls, including the operational procedures that support its activities.

The internal audit function involves testing and evaluating whether the authority’s internal control framework is both adequate and functioning effectively. Internal audit reports should be made available to all Members, providing a basis for informed decision-making when considering the authority’s approval of the Annual Governance Statement.

Independence and competence

Your audit was conducted by Mark Mulberry of Mulberry Local Authority Services Ltd, who has over 30 years’ experience in the financial sector with the last 14 years specialising in local government.

Your auditor is independent from the management of the financial controls and procedures of the council and has no conflicts of interest with the audit client, nor do they provide any management or financial assistance to the client.

Engagement Letter and inherent risk assessment

An engagement letter was previously issued to the council covering the 2025/26 internal audit assignment, which includes the scope and plan of works and fee structure. Copies of this document are available on request from anna@mulberrylas.co.uk

In summary, our work will address each of the internal control objectives as stated on the Annual Internal Audit Report of the AGAR.

It is our opinion that the inherent risk of error or misstatement within the Council’s financial systems is low. The internal control environment is considered reliable, and as such, substantive testing of individual transactions is not deemed necessary at this stage.

Audit testing will therefore consist of **walk-through testing** on a selection of sample data, covering the period under review within the current council year. This approach is designed to confirm that key controls are operating effectively throughout the financial period.

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A. BOOKS OF ACCOUNT

Internal audit requirement

Appropriate accounting records have been kept properly during the year.

Audit findings

The audit was conducted on site with the council's Clerk, who is also the Responsible Financial Officer (RFO) together with the Finance Officer (FO) and two councillors. The Clerk & FO were able to locate and provide all the information requested during the visit, and overall, I have the impression that accounting records are neatly maintained and readily accessible. Other information was reviewed through discussion with those present and a review of the council website www.worplesdon-pc.gov.uk

The council continues to use the Scribe accounting package for recording the council's finances. This is a bespoke system for Town & Parish Councils. The financial reporting package is updated regularly and consistently. The system requires the population of key data fields to enable the user to record a transaction. This is a clear and easy to follow system and a review of the cashbook shows that all data fields are being entered.

There are two users with their own individual dual authentication logons. Passwords are not routinely prompted to change. The council also uses other online systems such as Microsoft. The Scribe system is cloud based.

In preparation for each meeting/end of the month a close down is performed by the FO and various reports are printed and filed in soft & hard copy these include but are not limited to, income and expenditure against budget, bank reconciliations and other reports as fit. The Clerk/FO does not regularly provide a written narrative to accompany the finance reports when reporting to council; however, the Clerk will verbally address items for attention as and when required and answers questions at the meeting. The reports are standard template-based reports, they are easy to read and logically presented.

I conducted a simple walk-through test on a supplier invoice drawn at random and can confirm the underlying documentation was locatable and agreed to the cashbook details.

I tested the opening balances as at 1/4/25 by reviewing the balance brought forward in the cashbook and confirmed it could be agreed back to the investment reconciliation for the audited accounts for 2024/25 with both documents showing £281,859.

I sampled the nominal ledger entries for the period 1 April to the audit date to ensure items were posted to the correct heading. Expenditure was correctly posted to the headings to which the line item related and there was no evidence of netting off. This has confirmed that the accounting package is being properly used.

The council is not VAT registered; the last VAT reclaim was for the period ended 30th September 2025. The reclaim was for £6,878.49 and was prepared on the 23rd of October. The refund was received on the 28th of October. The council is up to date with its financial postings. The FO was able to properly navigate to the underlying data on the VAT return.

Overall, I have the impression that the accounting systems are well ordered and routinely maintained and as such I make no recommendation to change.

I am of the opinion that the control objective has been met.

B. FINANCE REGULATIONS, GOVERNANCE AND PAYMENTS

Internal audit requirement

This authority complied with its Finance Regulations, payments were supported by invoices, all expenditure was approved, and VAT was appropriately accounted for.

Audit findings

Confirm by sample testing that councillors sign statutory office forms

I have confirmed by sample testing that councillors sign "Acceptance of Office" forms together with a formal acceptance to receive information by electronic means "As per Schedule 12 of the Local Government Act 1972, I consent to the receipt of all council meeting papers by electronic methods. I understand I may withdraw this consent at any time"

The council website includes a councillor page, where the individual Register of Members' Interests forms are also published/linked.

Confirm that the council is compliant with GDPR

It was noted the council has established .gov email address for all staff and councillors. A single common email is recommended because it gives a natural segregation between work and personal lives, making it clear beyond doubt in what capacity a councillor is acting. In addition to this it gives control to the council, adds a degree of professionalism and in the event of a FOI request limits access to personal computers.

The Smaller Authorities Proper Practices Panel (SAPPP) Practitioner's Guide (March 2025) contains updated guidance on the matter as below, including details of the new Governance Assertion to be included in the 2025/26 AGAR:

Assertion 10 - Digital and data compliance

To warrant a positive response to this assertion, the authority needs to have taken the following actions:

1.47 *Email management - Every authority must have a generic email account hosted on an authority owned domain, for example Clerk@abcparishcouncil.gov.uk or Clerk@abcparishcouncil.org.uk rather than abcparishClerk@gmail.com or abcparishClerk@outlook.com for example.*

1.48 *All smaller authorities (excluding parish meetings) must meet legal requirements for all existing websites regardless of what domain is being used.*

1.49 *All websites must meet the [Web Content Accessibility Guidelines 2.2 AA](#) and the [Public Sector Bodies \(Websites and Mobile Applications\) \(No. 2\) Accessibility Regulations 2018](#) (where applicable).*

1.50 *All websites must include published documentation as specified in the [Freedom of Information Act 2000](#) and the [Transparency Code for Smaller Authorities](#) (where applicable).*

1.51 *All smaller authorities, including parish meetings, must follow both the [General Data Protection Regulation \(GDPR\) 2016](#) and the [Data Protection Act \(DPA\) 2018](#).*

1.52 *All smaller authorities, including parish meetings, must process personal data with care and in line with the principles of data protection.*

1.53 *The [DPA 2018](#) supplements the [GDPR](#) and classifies an authority as both a Data Controller and a Data Processor.*

1.54 *All smaller authorities (excluding parish meetings) must also have an IT policy. This explains how everyone - Clerks, members and other staff - should conduct authority business in a secure and legal way when using IT equipment and software. This relates to the use of authority-owned and personal equipment.*

The council has demonstrated that it has taken robust steps towards compliance with Assertion 10. The Clerk understood the requirements, and I am under no doubt this council will continue to maintain best practice compliance. **I recommend a data audit is carried out to summarise the data points. I have sign posted the Clerk to a council web site where a data audit can be seen in practice.**

Confirm that the council meets regularly throughout the year

Full council meets circa monthly together with committees and working groups as and when required. The Clerk was able to demonstrate council has up to date the terms of reference. These were last reviewed in March 2025. (Ref 2025-100) This is an annual process.

A diary of future meeting dates is published on the council website, along with historic agendas and minutes for council.

Check that agendas for meetings are published giving 3 clear days' notice

I was able to confirm that at least 3 clear days' notice is given on agendas. Whilst we have not tested every single committee and council meeting there was no evidence of non-compliance.

The council correctly publishes supporting documentation with the agendas as outlined by the Information Commissioner's Office (page 3 of this link) www.ico.org.uk/minutesandagendas

Check the draft minutes of the last meeting(s) are on the council's website

Draft minutes are routinely and consistently uploaded to the council website and can be agreed to the signed minutes.

Confirm that the Parish Council's Standing Orders have been reviewed within the last 12 months

The Standing Orders are based on the NALC model. They were last reviewed on the 6th of November 2025 (Minute ref 2025-379)

Confirm that the Parish Council has adopted and recently reviewed Financial Regulations

Financial Regulations are based on the new NALC model. They were last reviewed on the 6th of November 2025 (Minute ref 2025-379). It is noted that the regulations contain some instances of square brackets and highlighting that should be updated. I also note that financial regulation 6.7 and 6.10 are duplicated. **I recommend the financial regulations are reviewed as necessary.**

Check that the council's Financial Regulations are being routinely followed

The council has thresholds in place at which authorisations to spend must be obtained as below:

5.15. Individual purchases within an agreed budget for that type of expenditure may be authorised by: i. All Committees have the power of expenditure, subject to budget, up to a maximum of £8,000, including the Staffing Committee to enable temporary/casual staff to be appointed without unnecessary delay. ii. The Clerk may incur expenditure up to £5,000 in an emergency, whether budgeted or not. iii. The Clerk may incur expenditure for all operational matters i.e. plant/equipment, IT equipment, signage, furniture, stationery etc. subject to budget up to £4,000 per item. • In the Clerk's absence, the Assistant Clerk may incur expenditure for both operational and emergency items in consultation with the Chairman or Vice Chairman, and one other Councillor with a value up to the sums in items ii and iii above. Such authority is to be evidenced by a minute at the subsequent meeting of the Council/Finance Committee. • The Council for all items over £8,000. Such authorisation must be supported by a minute (in the case of Council or Committee decisions) or other auditable evidence trail.

5.16. No individual Member, or informal group of Members may issue an official order or make any contract on behalf of the Council.

5.17. No expenditure may be authorised that will exceed the budget for that type of expenditure other than by resolution of the Council or a duly delegated committee acting within its Terms of Reference except in an emergency.

A review of the published Council minutes confirmed that all payments were approved in accordance with the Council's Financial Regulations. **However, I would ask council to ensure that the physical invoices not just the payments list are verified against the physical payments made and that this is reflected in the financial regulations.**

The Clerk and attending Councillors confirmed that councillors are aware they are not allowed to place or make orders, new councillors are given a briefing when they start.

The Clerk was able to demonstrate they regularly check the budget to ensure payments can continue and will report to council if they have exceeded budget and this is reported in the minutes.

Based on the Council's level of financial activity and discussions with the Clerk, the current authorisation thresholds are considered appropriate. The Clerk was able to demonstrate that necessary approvals were obtained for a sample of invoices reviewed.

Local Purchase Order and Payment Authorisation Procedures

The Council uses a simple purchase order (PO) system. The budget is verified and a PO/order is issued to the supplier. The FO verifies the supplier invoice meets expectation and/or matched to the PO.

The FO populates the on-line bank and the clerk is checks the invoices against the bank payment set up. The Clerk authorises the payments on the on-line bank.

All supplier invoices are then posted to Scribe and scanned to the system. Hard copies are filed with a payments list in a separate lever arch files for councillors to verify.

Confirm the council has adopted the General Power of Competence (GPC) and met the eligibility criteria at the time of adoption, or if GPC not adopted, confirm all section 137 expenditure meets the guidelines and does not exceed the annual per elector limit of £11.10 per elector

The council does have the GPC. S137 amounts are not applicable

Confirm that checks of the accounts are made by a councillor

The system noted above details internal review takes place and I am under no doubt that council properly approves expenditure.

I am of the opinion that the control objective has been met.

C. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INSURANCE

Internal audit requirement

This authority assessed the significant risks to achieving its objectives and reviewed the adequacy of arrangements to manage these.

Audit findings

The council's adopted Financial Regulations include a section covering Risk Management and state:

2.1. The Council must ensure that it has a sound system of internal control, which delivers effective financial, operational and risk management. 2.2. The RFO shall prepare, for approval by the Council a risk management policy covering all activities of the Council. This policy and consequential risk management arrangements shall be reviewed by the Council at least annually. 2.3. When considering any new activity, the RFO, in conjunction with the Assistant Clerk shall prepare a draft risk assessment including risk management proposals for consideration by the Council. 2.4. At least once a year, the Council must review the effectiveness of its system of internal control, before approving the Annual Governance Statement.

The council has a risk assessment process in place, which was last reviewed and approved by council in March 2025. I reviewed the risk assessment policy, which includes a risk matrix to assess the overall risk based on likelihood and consequences of an event occurring and then assesses the risks within each sector of the council's business operations.

Each potential risk is identified, assessed using the risk matrix, prior to any mitigation measures, existing internal controls are listed. The assessment also includes details of who is responsible for any actions and when these are to be completed by.

This is a comprehensive approach and includes analysis of all risks typically associated with a council of this size with its range of services and facilities. I have no doubt that the council takes its risk management responsibilities seriously.

In respect of the review of the effectiveness of internal controls, the Clerk prepares an annual report to councilors that details the processes in place; however, **I recommend that the additional controls such as councilor review, bank rec, etc are added to this report and the report not just solely focus on IA.**

The council has playgrounds which are inspected weekly, quarterly and annually. All reviews are undertaken by trained individuals. The guidelines within proper practices suggest as part of internal audit *"Ensure that appropriate arrangements are in place for monitoring play areas, open spaces and sports pitches; such reviews should be undertaken by appropriately qualified external inspectors or, if by officers or members, that they have received the appropriate training and accreditation."*

I confirmed that the council has a valid insurance policy in place with Zurich Insurance which covers the year under review. The policy includes Public Liability cover of £12 million, Employers Liability cover of £10 million and a Fraud & Dishonesty (Fidelity Guarantee) level of £250k which is sufficient for a council of this size, although the council is advised to keep this figure under review to ensure it covers the maximum balance held.

The Council does not currently have Cyber insurance.

I am of the opinion that the control objective has been met.

D. BUDGET, PRECEPT AND RESERVES

Internal audit requirement

The precept or rates requirement resulted from an adequate budgetary process; progress against the budget was regularly monitored; and reserves were appropriate.

Audit findings

Full council set a precept of £387,125 in the meeting on 12th December 2024 minute ref 2024-393d. This was agreed to the underlying accounts and has been correctly posted. **I remind council that the budget must be approved prior to the precept as the minutes were silent on this.**

The Clerk confirmed that the 2026/27 budget and precept work is underway with deadlines achievable.

The FO produces comprehensive budget reports from Scribe for councillor attention. The councillors confirmed there is discussion at the meeting regarding the reports. There is no evidence to suggest that the budget has not been accurately set and carefully monitored throughout the year.

There is evidence within the minutes of meetings that councillors regularly receive budget reports providing them with sufficient financial information to make informed decisions.

The council currently has £133k of earmarked reserves, with reserves properly recorded. It is anticipated this will reduce by circa £50k when the playground is paid for. The reserves appear to be for bonafide projects, and the Clerk was able to describe the lifecycle of the projects when asked. I am under no doubt the council manages and maintains its earmarked reserves in accordance with regulations.

The current estimate of the year end general reserves is approximately c.£100-£130k, this is within recommend guidance. **However, a general reserve balance of £100-£130k is at the low end of the guidance and I recommend council consider this when setting the 26/27 budget especially with devolution on the horizon and the additional costs this will inevitably bring.**

The Smaller Authorities Proper Practices Panel (SAPPP) Practitioner's guide provides updated guidance on the appropriate level of general reserves that councils should retain as below:

5.33 The general reserve of an authority comprises its cash flow and contingency funds to cover unexpected inflation, unforeseen events and unusual circumstances.

5.34 The generally accepted recommendation with regard to the appropriate minimum level of a smaller authority's general reserve is that this should be maintained at between three and twelve months of net revenue expenditure.

5.35 The reason for the wide range is to cater for the large variation in activity level between individual authorities. The smaller the authority, the closer the figure may be to 12 months expenditure, the larger the authority, the nearer to 3 months. In practice, any authority with income and expenditure in excess of £200,000 should plan towards 3 months equivalent general reserve.

5.36 In all of this it is important that each authority adopt, as a general reserve policy, the level appropriate to their size, situation, risks and plan their budget so as to ensure that the adopted level is maintained. Consideration of the minimum level of reserves requires not only consideration of level of income and expenditure but also the risks to that income.

5.37 Authorities with significant self-generated income (other than the precept or levy) should take into account situations that may lead to a loss in revenue as well as increased costs and adapt their general reserve accordingly.

I am of the opinion that the control objective has been met.

E. INCOME

Internal audit requirement

Expected income was fully received, based on correct prices, properly recorded and promptly banked; and VAT was appropriately accounted for.

Audit findings

Apart from the precept, the council receives income from a range of sources including, grants, bank interest, and VAT refunds.

From a review of the accounting records, income appears to be recorded with sufficient narrative detail to identify the source and allocated to the most appropriate nominal code.

The council has no fees and charges to set.

There is no indication VAT should be charged.

I am of the opinion that the control objective has been met.

F. PETTY CASH

Internal audit requirement

Petty cash payments were properly supported by receipts; all petty cash expenditure was approved and VAT appropriately accounted for.

Audit findings

The council has no petty cash – this test does not apply.

I am of the opinion that the control objective has been met.

G. PAYROLL

Internal audit requirement

Salaries to employees and allowances to members were paid in accordance with the authority's approvals, and PAYE and NI requirements were properly applied.

Audit findings

The council has five employees. All staff members have a signed contract of employment, based on the NALC template, and the council has LGPS pension scheme in place. The performance reviews are completed by line managers and the Clerk's by the Chair & Vice Chair.

The payroll is processed by a third party. I reviewed the payroll summary for October, and the payroll deductions appear correct. I was able to verify the rate of pay on a payslip to the SCP rates and contract of employment.

I was able to verify the amounts per the payroll agreed to the submission data on the government gateway, there were no errors. The council has correctly not claimed the employment allowance.

I was able to verify the pay per the payroll summary to the payroll journal & physical payment shown in the financial reporting package.

There are no councillor allowances. The Clerk knows they would need to be processed through payroll and assessed for tax and national insurance.

We had a discussion regarding staffing budgets and the impact of devolution, and I have grave concerns the council is not making sufficient provision for the additional work that will inevitably be required. Council has a duty of care to consider the well-being of its staff and part of this is current workload.

I am of the opinion that the control objective has been met.

H. ASSETS AND INVESTMENTS

Internal audit requirement

Asset and investments registers were complete and accurate and properly maintained.

Audit findings: ASSETS

The Smaller Authorities Proper Practices Panel (SAPPP) Practitioner's guide provides updated guidance on assets and asset registers as below:

5.58 The asset register should contain in its most simple form the date of acquisition, cost of acquisition, useful life estimate and location along with value held for investments; however, it is desirable for the register to contain other such supplementary information to enable the user to better understand the nature and scope of the use of the fixed asset. It is therefore recommended to show insurance value, replacement value, custodian, date last physically vouched.

5.59 Each authority may choose an appropriate minimum value for deciding between fixed assets and general consumables. The limit chosen will relate to expected useful life, whether the item would be included on an insurance claim and whether it is included in the risk assessment of the authority in any way. This minimum level is to be minuted and reviewed at least annually. The rationale and methodology should be recorded in the minutes.

5.60 One item or group of similar items shall be regarded for inclusion in the fixed asset register.

5.61 Assets should be first recorded in the asset register at their actual purchase cost.

5.62 *Assets that are either under construction or have not been brought into use should be included on the asset register only once complete and they benefit the community.*

5.63 *Obsolete assets that are no longer in use or are awaiting disposal should be clearly recorded as such.*

5.64 *Where an authority receives an asset as a gift at zero cost, for example by community asset transfer, it should be included with a nominal one-pound (£1) value as a proxy for the zero cost.*

5.65 *Assets that do not have a functional purpose or any intrinsic resale value (for example, a village pond or war memorial) are often referred to as 'community assets'. Authorities should record community assets in the asset register in the same way as gifted assets.*

5.66 *The particular method of asset valuation is not specified in proper practices so authorities may use any reasonable approach to be applied consistently from year to year. The method of asset valuation adopted should be set out in a policy approved by the authority and recorded in the authority's minutes and in the asset register.*

5.67 *For authorities covered by this guide, the most appropriate and commonly used method of fixed asset valuation for first registration on the asset register is at acquisition cost. This means that the recorded value of the asset will not change from year to year, unless it is materially enhanced.*

5.68 *Commercial concepts of depreciation, impairment adjustments, and revaluation are not required nor appropriate for this method of asset valuation.*

5.69 *The total value of an authority's assets recorded on the asset register as at 31 March each year is reported at Line 9 on the authority's AGAR. Authorities should be able to track and explain fully any changes in the asset register from year to year.*

The council has a fixed asset register on Excell, which is reviewed annually. Assets are correctly shown at net cost or proxy cost. Additions are clearly identifiable, and the underlying documentation is available.

Audit findings: INVESTMENTS

The Smaller Authorities Proper Practices Panel (SAPPP) Practitioner's guide provides updated guidance on investments, and defines a long-term investment as below:

2.23 *Short-term investments, which mainly include deposit and savings accounts typically provided by banks, are those that display the following characteristics:*

- a. are denominated in pounds Sterling;*
- b. be realisable at full value on demand or have a maturity end date of not more than 12 months;*
- c. the whole of the original sum invested can, from the time that the investment is made, be accessed for use by the authority without any reduction; and*
- d. the authority has assessed the counterparty and is satisfied that the original sum invested is not subject to unreasonable risk.*

2.26 *A long-term investment arises where the authority invests money in anything other than a short-term investment.*

1.11 *Arrangements need to be in place to ensure that the authority's funds are managed properly and that any amounts surplus to requirements is invested appropriately, in accordance with an approved strategy which needs to have regard to the government's Statutory Guidance on Local Government Investments. If total investments are to exceed the threshold specified in the statutory guidance at any time during a financial year, the authority needs to produce and approve an annual Investment Strategy in accordance with the guidance.*

The council has no long-term investments and no PWLB borrowing.

I. BANK AND CASH

Internal audit requirement

Periodic bank account reconciliations were properly carried out during the year.

Audit findings

Financial Regulation '2.7. *To prevent and detect potential fraud, in March, June, September and December the appointed Member will carry out a financial check of items such as:* • *Paying in books* • *Cheque books* • *Bank reconciliations* • *Payment file/s* • *VAT & Payroll*

The member shall sign and date the bank reconciliations and the original bank statements as evidence of this. This activity, including any exceptions, shall be reported to and noted by the Full Council.'

Bank reconciliations are completed regularly and presented to council for review. I reviewed the bank reconciliations and was able to confirm the balances to the bank statements and found no errors.

I was able to confirm that the bank reconciliations have been verified in accordance with Financial Regulations.

As the council's annual budget is above the €500,000 (£430,950 as of 3 July comparative date) threshold, it is protected by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS).

There is evidence in the minutes of quarterly reviews by councillors.

The council has an investment policy.

I am of the opinion that the control objective has been met.

J. YEAR END ACCOUNTS

Internal audit requirement

Accounting statements prepared during the year were prepared on the correct accounting basis (receipts and payments or income and expenditure), supported by an adequate audit trail from underlying records and, where appropriate, debtors and creditors were properly recorded.

Audit findings

The council, at its meeting to sign off the year-end accounts, must discuss Section 1 of the AGAR (Annual Governance Statement) and record this activity in the minutes of the meeting. **COUNCIL IS REMINDED THAT THIS MUST BE A SEPARATE AGENDA ITEM PRIOR TO THE SIGNING OF SECTION 2 OF THE AGAR (ANNUAL ACCOUNTS).**

Section 1 – Annual Governance Statement

Based on the internal audit finding I recommend using the table below as the basis for that discussion.

	Annual Governance Statement	'Yes', means that this authority	Suggested response based on evidence
1	We have put in place arrangements for effective financial management during the year, and for the preparation of the accounting statements.	<i>prepared its accounting statements in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations.</i>	YES – accounts follow latest Accounts and Audit Regulations and practitioners guide recommendations.
2	We maintained an adequate system of internal control including measures designed to prevent and detect fraud and corruption and reviewed its effectiveness.	<i>made proper arrangements and accepted responsibility for safeguarding the public money and resources in its charge.</i>	YES – there is regular reporting of financial transactions and accounting summaries, offering the opportunity for scrutiny.
3	We took all reasonable steps to assure ourselves that there are no matters of actual or potential non-compliance with laws, regulations and Proper Practices that could have a significant financial effect on the ability of this authority to conduct its business or manage its finances.	<i>has only done what it has the legal power to do and has complied with Proper Practices in doing so.</i>	YES – The Clerk advises the council in respect of its legal powers.
4	We provided proper opportunity during the year for the exercise of electors' rights in accordance with the requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations.	<i>during the year gave all persons interested the opportunity to inspect and ask questions about this authority's accounts.</i>	YES – the requirements and timescales for 2024/25 year-end were followed.
5	We carried out an assessment of the risks facing this authority and took appropriate steps to manage those risks, including the introduction of internal controls and/or external insurance cover where required.	<i>considered and documented the financial and other risks it faces and dealt with them properly.</i>	YES – the council has a risk management scheme and appropriate external insurance.
6	We maintained throughout the year an adequate and effective system of internal audit of the accounting records and control systems.	<i>arranged for a competent person, independent of the financial controls and procedures, to give an objective view on whether internal controls meet the needs of this smaller authority.</i>	YES – the council has appointed an independent and competent internal auditor.
7	We took appropriate action on all matters raised in reports from internal and external audit.	<i>responded to matters brought to its attention by internal and external audit.</i>	YES – matters raised in internal and external audit reports have been addressed.

8	We considered whether any litigation, liabilities or commitments, events or transactions, occurring either during or after the year-end, have a financial impact on this authority and. Where appropriate, have included them in the accounting statements.	<i>disclosed everything it should have about its business activity during the year including events taking place after the year end if relevant.</i>	YES – no matters were raised during the internal audit visits.
9	Trust funds including charitable – In our capacity as the sole managing trustee we discharged our accountability responsibilities for the fund(s)/asset(s), including financial reporting and, if required, independent examination or audit.	<i>has met all its responsibilities where, as a body corporate, it is a sole managing trustee of a local trust or trusts.</i>	N/A – the council has no trusts

Section 2 – Accounting Statements

AGAR box number		2023/24	2024/25	Internal Auditor notes
1	Balances brought forward	246,378	266,591	Agrees to 2024/25 carry forward (box 7)
2	Precept or rates and levies	304,325	339,900	Figure confirmed to central precept record
3	Total other receipts	26,214	32,083	Agrees to underlying accounting records
4	Staff costs	149,079	167,690	Agrees to underlying accounting records. Includes only expenditure allowed as staff costs (see section G)
5	Loan interest/capital repayments	0	0	Confirmed to PWLB documents
6	All other payments	161,247	178,338	Agrees to underlying accounting records
7	Balances carried forward	266,591	292,546	Casts correctly and agrees to balance sheet

8	Total value of cash and short- term investments	251,397	281,859	Agrees to bank reconciliation for all accounts
9	Total fixed assets plus long-term investments and assets	623,085	619,213	Matches asset register total and changes from previous year have been traced
10	Total borrowings	0	0	Confirmed to PWLB documents

For Local Councils Only		Yes	No	N/A	
11a	Disclosure note re Trust Funds (including charitable)		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<i>The Council, as a body corporate, acts as sole trustee and is responsible for managing Trust funds or assets.</i>
11b	Disclosure note re Trust Funds (including charitable)			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<i>The figures in the accounting statements above do not include any Trust transactions.</i>

Audit findings

The year-end accounts have been correctly prepared on an income and expenditure basis with a box 7 and 8 reconciliation properly completed.

The AGAR correctly casts and cross casts and last year's comparatives match the figures submitted for 2023/24 and published on the council website.

The variance analysis has been completed to explain the variances where required.

I am satisfied the requirements of this control objective were met for 2024/25.

K. LIMITED ASSURANCE REVIEW

Internal audit requirement

IF the authority certified itself as exempt from a limited assurance review in the previous year, it met the exemption criteria and correctly declared itself exempt.

Audit findings

The council did not certify itself exempt in 2024/25 due to exceeding the income and expenditure limits and this test does not apply.

L: PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION

Internal audit requirement

The authority publishes information on a free to access website/webpage, up to date at the time of the internal audit in accordance with relevant legislation

Audit findings

All councils are required to follow The Accounts and Audit Regulations which include the following requirements:

13(1) An authority must publish (which must include publication on that authority's website)

- a. the Statement of Accounts together with any certificate or opinion entered by the local auditor in accordance with section 20(2) of the Act; and
- b. the Annual Governance Statement approved in accordance with regulation 6(3)

13(2) Where documents are published under paragraph (1), the authority must

- a. keep copies of those documents for purchase by any person on payment of a reasonable sum; and
- b. ensure that those documents remain available for public access for a period of not less than five years beginning with the date on which those documents were first published in accordance with that paragraph.

We have considered the requirements of Statutory Instruments 2015/480 The Local Government (Transparency Requirements) Regulations 2015 [<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2015/480/made/data.pdf>] and, 2015/494 The Smaller Authorities (Transparency Requirements).

https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2015/494/pdfs/uksem_20150494_en.pdf

In addition to this, we have considered the additional publication requirements as set out in the ICO Model Publication Scheme for Parish Councils. <https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/foi/publication-schemes-a-guide/> & <https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/foi/publication-schemes-a-guide/definition-documents/>

The council has a model publication scheme and its website contains copies of historic accounting statements.

For councils with a turnover over £25,000, it is recommended best practice to follow the Local Government Transparency Code 2015, but not a statutory requirement. The council publishes information in accordance with the act.

I am of the opinion that the control objective has been met

M: EXERCISE OF PUBLIC RIGHTS - INSPECTION OF ACCOUNTS

Internal audit requirement

The authority, during the previous year, correctly provided for the exercise of public rights as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations.

Audit findings

Inspection – key dates	2024/25 Actual
Date AGAR signed by council	22 nd May
Date inspection notice issued	30 th May
Inspection period begins	3 rd June
Inspection period ends	14 th July
Correct length (30 working days)	Yes
Common period included (first 10 working days of July)	Yes

The Notice of the Period of Public Rights and Section 1 (Annual Governance Statement) and Section 2 (Accounting Statement) was published in time with the correct time periods.

I am satisfied the requirements of this control objective were met for 2024/25

N: PUBLICATION REQUIREMENTS

Internal audit requirement

The authority complied with the publication requirements for the prior year AGAR.

Under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, authorities must publish the following information on the authority website / webpage.

Before 1 July 2025 authorities must publish:

- *Notice of the period for the exercise of public rights and a declaration that the accounting statements are as yet unaudited*
- *Section 1 - Annual Governance Statement 2024/25, approved and signed, page 4*
- *Section 2 - Accounting Statements 2024/25, approved and signed, page 5*

Not later than 30 September 2025 authorities must publish:

- *Notice of conclusion of audit*
- *Section 3 - External Auditor Report and Certificate*
- *Sections 1 and 2 of AGAR including any amendments as a result of the limited assurance review.*

It is recommended as best practice, to avoid any potential confusion by local electors and interested parties, that you also publish the Annual Internal Audit Report, page 3.

Audit findings

The External Auditor's Report was not qualified. The AGAR and notice of conclusion have been correctly published on the council website within timescales. This was taken to full council on the 25th September.

I note the council received and considered the previous internal auditor report at a meeting held on the 22nd May 2025

The council has met the publication requirements for 2024/25.

O. TRUSTEESHIP

Internal audit requirement

Trust funds (including charitable) – The council met its responsibilities as a trustee.

Audit findings

The council no trusts – this test does not apply

The council has met the trust requirements for 2024/25.

Achievement of control assertions at final internal audit date

Based on the tests conducted during the interim audit, our conclusions on the achievement of the internal control objectives to date are summarised in the table below.

	INTERNAL CONTROL OBJECTIVE	YES	NO	NOT COVERED
A	Appropriate accounting records have been properly kept throughout the financial year	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
B	This authority complied with its Finance Regulations, payments were supported by invoices, all expenditure was approved, and VAT was appropriately accounted for	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
C	This authority assesses the significant risks to achieving its objectives and reviewed the adequacy of arrangements to manage these	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
D	The precept or rates requirement resulted from an adequate budgetary process; progress against the budget was regularly monitored; and reserves were appropriate.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
E	Expected income was fully received, based on correct prices, properly recorded and promptly banked; and VAT was appropriately accounted for	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
F	Petty cash payments were properly supported by receipts, all petty cash expenditure was approved, and VAT appropriately accounted for			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> n/a
G	Salaries to employees and allowances to members were paid in accordance with the authority's approvals, and PAYE and NI requirements were properly applied.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
H	Asset and investments registers were complete and accurate and properly maintained.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
I	Periodic bank account reconciliations were properly carried out during the year.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
J	Accounting statements prepared during the year were prepared on the correct accounting basis (receipts and payments or income and expenditure), supported by an adequate audit trail from underlying records and, where appropriate, debtors and creditors were properly recorded.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
K	If the authority certified itself as exempt from a limited assurance review in the previous year, it met the exemption criteria and correctly declared itself exempt.			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> n/a
L	The authority publishes information on a free to access website/webpage up to date at the time of the internal audit in accordance with the relevant legislation.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
M	The authority, during the previous year correctly provided for the period for the exercise of public rights as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
N	The authority complied with the publication requirements for prior year AGAR.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
O	Trust funds (including charitable) – The council met its responsibilities as a trustee.			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> n/a

Should you have any queries please contact me directly on mark@mulberrylas.co.uk.

Yours sincerely


Mark Mulberry**Director, Mulberry Local Authority Services Ltd****Interim Internal Audit - Points Carried Forward**

Audit Point	Interim Audit Findings	Council comments
Governance – Assertion 10	The council has demonstrated that it has taken robust steps towards compliance with Assertion 10. The Clerk understood the requirements, and I am under no doubt this council will continue to maintain best practice compliance. I recommend a data audit is carried out to summarise the data points. I have sign posted the Clerk to a council web site where a data audit can be seen in practice.	
Financial Regulations	Financial Regulations are based on the new NALC model. They were last reviewed on the 6 th of November 2025 (Minute ref 2025-379). It is noted that the regulations contain some instances of square brackets and highlighting that should be updated. I also note that financial regulation 6.7 and 6.10 are duplicated. I recommend the financial regulations are reviewed as necessary.	
Payment verification	A review of the published Council minutes confirmed that all payments were approved in accordance with the Council's Financial Regulations. However, I would ask council to ensure that the physical invoices not just the payments list are verified against the physical payments made and that this is reflected in the financial regulations.	
Review of effectiveness of audit	In respect of the review of the effectiveness of internal controls, the Clerk prepares an annual report to councilors that details the processes in place; however, I recommend that the additional controls such as councilor review, bank rec, etc are added to this report and the report not just solely focus on IA.	
Budget setting	Full council set a precept of £387,125 in the meeting on 12 th December 2024 minute ref 2024-393d. This was agreed to the underlying accounts and has been correctly posted. I remind council that the budget must be approved prior to the precept as the minutes were silent on this.	
General reserve	The current estimate of the year end general reserves is approximately c.£100-£130k, this is within recommend guidance. However, a general reserve balance of £100-£130k is at the low end of the guidance and I recommend council consider this when setting the 26/27 budget especially with devolution on the horizon and the additional costs this will inevitably bring.	
Budgets	We had a discussion regarding staffing budgets and the impact of devolution, and I have grave concerns the council is not making sufficient provision for the additional work that will inevitably be required. Council has a duty of care to consider the well-being of its staff and part of this is current workload.	